

Detasolv

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-11-06

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name **Detasolv**

Other means of identification

Alternative number(s) 8451007

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	cleaning agent industrial uses professional uses
Uses advised against	do not use for products which come into contact with foodstuffs do not use for private purposes (household)

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

BÜFA Cleaning GmbH & Co. KG
August-Hanken-Str. 30
26125 Oldenburg

Telephone: +49 441 9317 0
Website: www.buefa-cleaning.de

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet	Regulatory Affairs
e-mail (competent person)	sds-cleaning@buefa.de

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM

Opening hours

Poison center					
Country	Name	Street	Postal code/city	Telephone	Telefax
Canada	Poison Centre Göttingen (Germany)			+49 551 19240	
China	化学事故应急咨询电话			0532-83889090	
Germany	Giftzentrale Göttingen			0551 19240	

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Annex	Hazard class and category	-	Hazard statement code(s)	
2.6	flammable liquid	Cat. 3	(Flam. Liq. 3)	H226
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	Cat. 2	(Skin Irrit. 2)	H315
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	Cat. 1	(Eye Dam. 1)	H318
3.8D	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	Cat. 3	(STOT SE 3)	H336

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Remarks

For full text of H-phrases: see SECTION 16.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOS): not assigned
 Physical hazards not otherwise classified (PHNOS): not assigned

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling (acc. to GHS)

Signal word **danger**

Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05,
GHS07



Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Precautionary statements - prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
 Wear protective gloves.

Precautionary statements - response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Precautionary statements - storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statements - disposal

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

Hazardous ingredients for labelling

n-butyl acetate, Cyclohexanon

2.3 Other hazards

There is no additional information.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients






3.1 Substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

This product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to GHS.

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Hazard class and category		Hazard statement	Pictograms
n-butyl acetate	CAS No 123-86-4 EC No 204-658-1	50 – < 75	2.6 3.8D	Flam. Liq. 3 STOT SE 3	H226 H336	 
2-methoxy-1-(2-methoxypropoxy)propane; 2-methoxy-1-[(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)oxy]propane	CAS No 111109-77-4 EC No 404-640-5	10 – < 25	2.6	Flam. Liq. 4	H227	
Cyclohexanon	CAS No 108-94-1 EC No 203-631-1	10 – < 25	2.6 3.10 3.1D 3.1I 3.2 3.3	Flam. Liq. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Acute Tox. 4 Acute Tox. 4 Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Dam. 1	H226 H302 H312 H332 H315 H318	  

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Narcotic effects.

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4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**5.1 Extinguishing media****Suitable extinguishing media**water spray, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO₂)**Unsuitable extinguishing media**

water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion productscarbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂)**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures****For non-emergency personnel**

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**Advice on how to contain a spill**

Covering of drains.

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage (sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder).

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

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6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1 Precautions for safe handling****Recommendations****Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation**

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Warning

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**Managing of associated risks****• Explosive atmospheres**

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

• Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Incompatible substances or mixtures

Observe compatible storage of chemicals.

Consideration of other advice**Ventilation requirements**

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

National limit values

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m ³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m ³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m ³]	Notation	Source
CA	cyclohexanone	108-94-1	OEL (AB)	20	80	50	200			H	OHS Code
CA	cyclohexanone	108-94-1	OEL (BC)	20		50				H	"BC Regulation"
CA	cyclohexanone	108-94-1	OEL (ON-MoL)	20		50				H	MoL
CA	cyclohexanone	108-94-1	PEV/VEA	25	100					H	Regulation OHS
CA	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	OEL (AB)	150	713	200	950				OHS Code
CA	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	OEL (BC)	50		150					"BC Regulation"
CA	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	OEL (ON-MoL)	50		150					MoL
CA	n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	PEV/VEA	50		150					Regulation OHS

notation

Ceiling-C Ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur.

H Absorbed through the skin.

STEL Short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified).

TWA Time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified).

Relevant DNELs/DMELs/PNECs and other threshold levels

No data available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

• hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

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• **other protection measures**

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	colorless
Odor	characteristic

Other physical and chemical parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	<-90 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	126.2 °C at 1,013 hPa
Flash point	33 °C at 1,013 hPa
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant (fluid)
Explosive limits	
• lower explosion limit (LEL)	1.2 vol%
• upper explosion limit (UEL)	7.5 g/m ³
Vapor pressure	10.15 hPa at 18.49 °C
Density	0.89 kg/l at 20 °C
Solubility(ies)	not determined
Partition coefficient	
n-octanol/water (log KOW)	This information is not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	165 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	not explosive (GHS of the United Nations, annex 4)
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information

Solvent content	100 %
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Solid content

0 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s): risk of ignition

• **if heated**

risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Physical stresses which might result in a hazardous situation and have to be avoided

strong shocks

10.5 Incompatible materials

oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: May be harmful if swallowed.

Acute toxicity of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	oral	500 mg/kg
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	dermal	1,100 mg/kg
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	inhalation: vapour	11 mg/l/4h

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Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic, carcinogenic nor as a reproductive toxicant.

Carcinogenicity

- National Toxicology Program (United States): none of the ingredients are listed
- IARC Monographs

Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Classification	Number
Cyclohexanon	cyclohexanone	108-94-1	3	

Legend

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.

- OSHA Carcinogens (United States) none of the ingredients are listed

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life. Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Aquatic toxicity (acute)

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	18 mg/l	fish	96 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	18 mg/l	fish	96 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	ErC50	335 mg/l	algae	24 h
2-methoxy-1-(2-methoxypropoxy)propane; 2-methoxy-1-[(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)oxy]propane	111109-77-4	LC50	>1,000 mg/l	fish	96 h
2-methoxy-1-(2-methoxypropoxy)propane; 2-methoxy-1-[(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)oxy]propane	111109-77-4	EC50	>1,000 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h

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Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	LC50	732 mg/l	fish	96 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic)

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	ErC50	335 mg/l	algae	24 h
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	EC50	34.2 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	LC50	43.5 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
2-methoxy-1-(2-methoxypropoxy)propane; 2-methoxy-1-[(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)oxy]propane	111109-77-4	LC50	>300 mg/l	fish	14 d
2-methoxy-1-(2-methoxypropoxy)propane; 2-methoxy-1-[(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)oxy]propane	111109-77-4	EC50	>100 mg/l	microorganisms	30 min
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	EC50	>1,000 mg/l	microorganisms	30 min

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	oxygen depletion	80 %	5 d
2-methoxy-1-(2-methoxypropoxy)propane; 2-methoxy-1-[(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)oxy]propane	111109-77-4	DOC removal	25 %	28 d
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	oxygen depletion	90 - 100 %	28 d

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		2.3 (pH value: ~7, 25 °C)	
2-methoxy-1-(2-methoxypropoxy)propane; 2-methoxy-1-[(1-methoxypropan-2-yl)oxy]propane	111109-77-4	4	0.42 (20 °C)	
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1		0.86 (25 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Data are not available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	1993
14.2	UN proper shipping name	Flammable liquid, n.o.s.
	Technical name (hazardous constituents)	n-butyl acetate, Cyclohexanon
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	Class	3 (flammable liquids)
14.4	Packing group	III (substance presenting low danger)
14.5	Environmental hazards	none (non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations)
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code	
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

• International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number	1993
Proper shipping name	1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S., (n-butyl acetate, Cyclohexanon)
Class	3
Packing group	III
Danger label(s)	3

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Special provisions (SP)	223, 274, 955
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	5 L
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>
Stowage category	A
• International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)	
UN number	1993
Proper shipping name	1993, Flammable liquid, n.o.s., (n-butyl acetate, Cyclohexanon)
Class	3
Packing group	III
Danger label(s)	3



Special provisions (SP)	A3
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E1
Limited quantities (LQ)	10 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304) none of the ingredients are listed

Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313) none of the ingredients are listed

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Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		1	5000 (2270)
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1		4	5000 (2270)

Legend

- 1 "1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act.
- 4 "4" indicates that the source is section 3001 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

Proposition 65 List of chemicals

none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK) none of the ingredients are listed

Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

Name of substance	CAS No	DEP CODE	PBT / HHS / LHS	PBT / HHS Threshold	De Minimis Concentration Threshold
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		LHS		1.0 %
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1				1.0 %

Hazardous Substances List (MN-ERTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References	Remarks
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	A, O	
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	A, N, O	skin

Legend

- A American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH), "Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices for 1992-93", available from ACGIH.
- N National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), "Recommendations for Occupational Safety and Health Standards," August 1988, available from NIOSH, Publications Dissemination Office, Division of Standards Development and Technology Transfer.
- O Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Safety and Health Standards, Code of Federal Regulations, title 29, part 1910, subpart Z, "Toxic and Hazardous Substances, 1990." General information: Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Occupational Safety and Health Division.
- skin If a potential for absorption from skin contact merits special consideration, the word "skin" follows the substance name.

Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		F3
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1		F2

Legend

- F2 Flammable - Second Degree.
- F3 Flammable - Third Degree.

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Hazardous Substance List (Chapter 323) (PA-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	E
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	E

Legend

E Environmental hazard.

Hazardous Substance List (RI-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	References
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	T, F
Cyclohexanon	108-94-1	T, F

Legend

F Flammability (NFPA®).

T Toxicity (ACGIH®).

Drug precursors, Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 802) none of the ingredients are listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System (American Coatings Association)

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	None.
Health	3	Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given.
Flammability	3	Material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.
Physical hazard	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive.
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States)

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	3	Material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.
Health	3	Material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.
Instability	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions.
Special hazard		

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Relevant European Union (EU) safety, health and environmental provisions

Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category
flammable liquid	3	(Flam. Liq. 3)
skin corrosion/irritation	2	(Skin Irrit. 2)
serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	(Eye Dam. 1)
specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	(STOT SE 3)

National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
EU	REACH Reg.	all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)
CA	DSL/NDSL	all ingredients are listed or exempt from listing

Legend

DSL/NDSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)/Non-domestic Substances List (NDSL).
 REACH Reg. REACH registered substances.
 TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
"BC Regulation"	OHS Regulation: Section 5.48 (British Columbia)
ACGIH®	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic or toxic for Reproduction
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DEP CODE	Department of Environmental Protection Code
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
HHS	Higher hazard substance
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IARC Mono-graphs	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LHS	Lower hazard substance
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
MoL	Ministry of Labor: Current Occupational Exposure Limits for Ontario Workplaces Required under Regulation 833
NFPA®	National Fire Protection Association (United States)
NFPA® 704	National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OHS Code	Occupational Health and Safety Code: Occupational exposure limits for chemical substances (Alberta)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
Regulation OHS	Regulation respecting occupational health and safety: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants (Quebec)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Detasolv

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2023-11-06

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

- OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200
- 49 CFR § 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table (DOT)

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards/Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.